**2014 Seacat Data Documentation Form**

**Section 1. Contributor Identification**

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**Section 2. General Dataset Description**

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| 1. Dataset Title: IPHC Oceanographic dataset |
| 2. Dataset Abstract: The IPHC conducts an annual longline fish survey on a 10x10 nautical mile grid from southern Oregon north to the Gulf of Alaska, out along the Aleutian Island chain, and into the Bering Sea in depths ranging from 30 to 500 m. Beginning in 2000, the IPHC conducted a pilot project looking at the practicality of collecting oceanographic profile data alongside fishery data at the longline survey stations. The project was expanded to stations off Oregon in 2007 and coastwide starting in 2009. A Northern California area was added in 2013. Profiles were taken at each station immediately prior to hauling the longline gear so that oceanographic data collection is coincident with the haul. The data collected are surface to depth profiles of pressure (depth), temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen, pH, and chlorophyll *a* concentration. |
| 3. Dataset purpose/general description: Surface to depth profiles are collected at each of about 1200 longline fishing stations in the IPHC survey. The geographic range of the survey allows the IPHC to take an oceanographic “snapshot” each summer of conditions along the continental shelf in the north Pacific and parts of the Bering Sea that are useful to researchers worldwide as the time series builds. Furthermore, collecting these data coincident with longline survey fishing enable stock assessment scientists to examine the role of oceanographic conditions in relation to distributions of commercially caught groundfish.  |
| 4. Dataset collection datesFirst day of data collection: 7/7/14Last day of data collection: 8/8/14 |
| 5. Dataset locationNorthernmost latitude: 53o00.11 NSouthernmost latitude: 51o40.96 NEasternmost longitude: 129o29.15 WWesternmost longitude: 130o52.29 WIPHC Survey region: St. James (STJ) | 9. Vessel name and typeF/V Star Wars II (abbreviation: STW)80’ longline fishing vessel |

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| 6. Instruments used to collect these data:We use SBE19plus and SBE19plusV2 water column profilers made by Seabird Electronics Inc. in Bellevue, WA, outfitted with auxiliary sensors to measure dissolve oxygen (SBE43), pH(SBE18), and chlorophyll a concentration (WETLabs – ECO-FLRTD).  | 10. Trip/cruise numberTrips 1, 3, 4 |
| 7. Parameters measuredPressure, temperature, conductivity (translated to salinity), dissolved oxygen, pH, chlorophyll *a* concentration | 11. Station number range2087-2128 |
| 8. Number and type of files/casts transferred38 total casts – each cast provided in csv (comma-separated text values) and NetCDF formats. | 12. Description of file namesNetCDF and text filenames have prefix: IPHC2014 (Organization and year), 3-letter Vessel (see Section 2.9), 4-digit Area/station, cast (set) number cNNN (c and three digits). Suffix is .nc (NetCDF) or .csv |

**Section 3. Scientific Content of Dataset**

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| Name of measured parameter | Unit of measure used for parameter | Observation method and instrument used | Data processing techniques |
| PressureTemperatureSalinityDissolved O2Dissolved O2pHChlorophyll *a*Sigma-Toxygen | Strain gauge (db)ITS-90 oCpsuml/LMicroMole/kgpHµg/lkg/m3% saturation | SBE19plusV2SBE19plusV2SBE19plusV2SBE43SBE43SBE18Wetlabs ECO-FL(RT)D (fluorometer, real-time, 6000-m rating) calculated value calculated value | All data are processed from raw using SeaBird “SEASOFT SBE Data Processing” software, anda configuration (\*.con) file that includes integrated instrument serial numbers and calibration coefficients. Data are averaged to 1-meter from downcast, with occasional upcast fill if problems. Salinity is calculated from conductivity, temperature and pressure using the 1978 Practical Salinity Scale (PSS, IEEE Journal of Oceanic Engineering, V. OE-5, No.1, Jan.1980, p.14). Calculated values (2) are: sigma-T (density-1000) and % Oxygen concentration. |

**Section 4. File Format of Dataset**

Each station has one profile data file (referred to as cast or set) presented in two formats: comma-separated text (csv) and NetCDF (nc). All times are GMT. Data files include all downcast data, with occasional upcast information filling in if data problems occur in downcast and if substitution is reasonable. Nine data variables, as noted in section 3, are included with each cast.

NetCDF files: “classic” NetCDF format using PMEL-EPIC conventions. Files are readable using software with NetCDF capability including Ferret, Matlab, Unidata ncdump tool, and add-ons to R, Python and Perl. Missing or bad data are designated as 1.03+35.

Axes (longitude, latitude, depth, time), and Attributes (meta information) are inherent in the NetCDF file format. These attributes are in each NetCDF file:

Latitude: North latitude 0-90° in decimal degrees, labeled “degree\_north”.

Longitude: positive decimal degrees, 0-180°, for Longitude West, negative decimal degrees for Longitude East (east of dateline), all labeled “degree\_west”.

VSLCDE: IPHC vessel code (3-letter) is designated in section 2.9 of this document.

SETNO: Set number is also called cast number and designates a single cast.

STNNO: 4-digit station number defining point location where data were collected.

TRPNO: Trip Number is designated in section 2.10 of this document.

REGION: Code for named region in Survey area is designated in section 2.5 of this document.

DATA\_CMNT: indicates original SeaSoft filename which includes set, station and year.

WATER\_DEPTH: Bottom depth which is measured by vessel instruments or estimated, and is useful as a rough estimate of true bottom depth.

CSV (text) files:

Files have 17 columns of data with a 1-line header of data-columns labels and units. Each line of data includes time and location. Missing data are designated as 999999

Data columns are:

Year, Latitude(deg), Longitude(deg), Station, VesselCode, Cast, WaterDepth(m), CastDate, Pressure(db), Temperature(C), Oxygen(ML/L), pH, Chlorophyll (micrograms/L), Salinity, Oxygen(microMol/kg), Oxygen(%Saturation), Sigma-T(kg/m\*\*3).

Latitudes: degrees N

Longitudes: 0 to 180 degrees, with negative for western and positive for eastern hemisphere.

Time of data collection: column 8 = 2-digit day, 3-character month, 4-digit year connected by dash characters as dd-mmm-yyyy

**Section 5. Instrument Calibration**

Configuration file: 6198\_14

 Water samples necessary for calibration of variables cannot be taken in this type of data-collection circumstance. In more usual cases, bottle samples are collected, and slope and offset calibration values are applied to profile data, including salinity and oxygen.  Lacking water samples, Winkler titrations were not performed and oxygen data are not calibrated, though SeaBird SBE-43 (dissolved oxygen) sensors are considered very reliable. Calibration corrections are generally small for low values of oxygen concentration, and larger for higher values.  Oxygen concentrations greater than 100% (supersaturation) are not unusual.  This can be due to variations in temperature and salinity due to heating rates and ventilation of the water column, wind and turbulence at the surface, and biological influences (photosynthesis).  Oxygen data should be used with the consideration that water samples were not collected and corrections have not been applied.  Data are indicative of variations in spatial patterns, but are not exact.

 Chlorophyll-*a* data values < 0 have been retained. The values are within reasonable range of the instrument, and we attribute below-zero values to factory calibration use of generalized standards. Water samples were not collected for calibration.

 pH calibrations were conducted at sea and applied to pH data per SeaBird protocol and software during initial conversion of data for processing. pH data quality is good, and ranges are usually reasonable.

**Section 6. Other**

Notes: Reasonable data quality. Some spikes removed. All pH removed, bad values.